

Analysis of costs caused by an avian influenza H5N8 outbreak 2016-2017 in Denmark

NBVCG seminar - Riga 04-Oct-2018 Sten Mortensen

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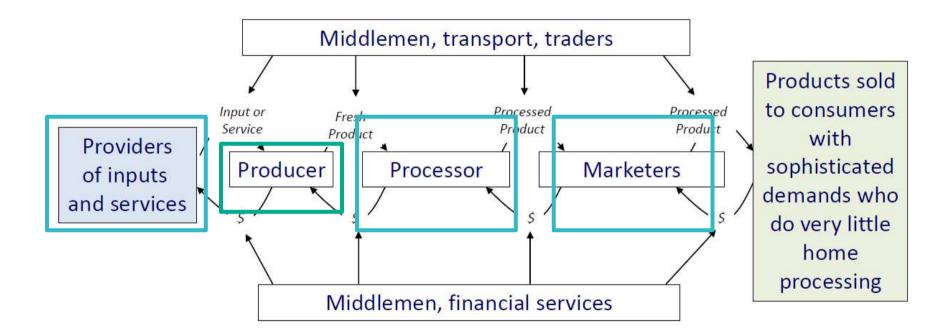
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Jonathan Rushton, 2016. Royal Veterinary College - London

Complex food chain







The Danish poultry sector Production value 2017: 385 Mill. euro

Figure 1. Denmark selfsufficiency

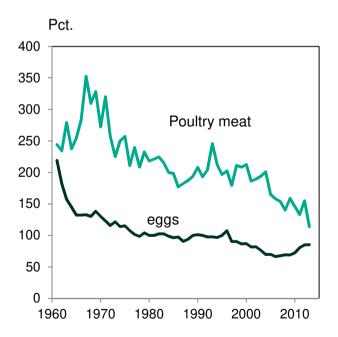
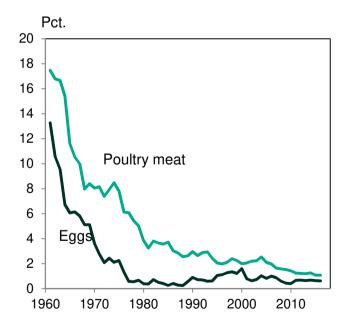
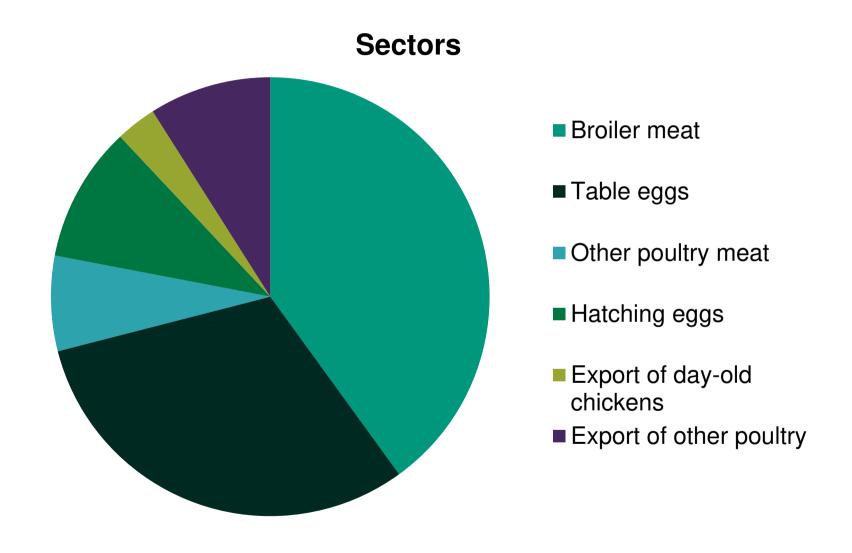


Figure 2. Denmark share of world market for eggs and poultry meat





Production value 2017: 385 Mill. euro



Nordic-Baltic Mini-seminar on contingency planning: costs – economic studies related to animal disease emergencies

Helsinki - NBVCG seminar - 09-10 April 2018

30 participants

Participation from all Nordic-Baltic countries:

- Animal health experts from Veterinary administrations
- Agricultural economists (a few[©])
- Other animal health researchers



Avian influenza peacetime costs

Prevention of introduction of disease to the country	Surveillance for disease	Traceability and animal holding registration	Limit disease spread if disease enters country
Farmers education – awareness campaigns	Dead birds - sampling and testing	Registers for hobby-holders - Mandatory under elevated risk Commercial – always registered	Estimates risk – levels of measures 1: Ban on outdoor feeding (under roof) 2: Ban on outdoor keeping
Import control of Health certificates for hatching eggs, day-old chickens and live birds	Epizootic-surveillance (suspicions)	Movement records on farm	Biosecurity for herds, including changing facilities
Prompt Risk assessments and mitigating measures in relation to outbreaks in other countries	Advising farmers – early detection		Training exercises
Notification systems in other countries	Notification systems in own country		Advising farmers – early detection
Biosecurity on the poultry holdings	Diagnostic preparedness – laboratory capacity (incl. Sampling)		Good contingency plans for Depopulation – sanitation – repopulation
Measures against illegal import of birds			

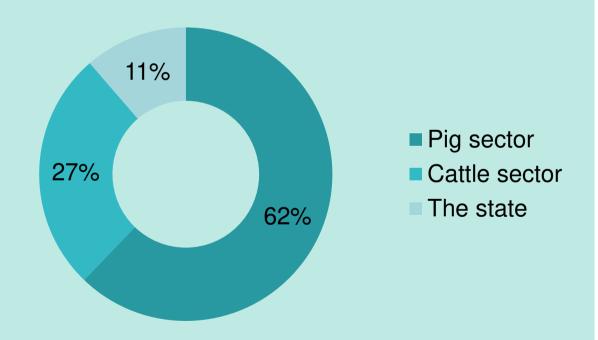


Pigs €20 million

Cattle €8 million

State €4 million

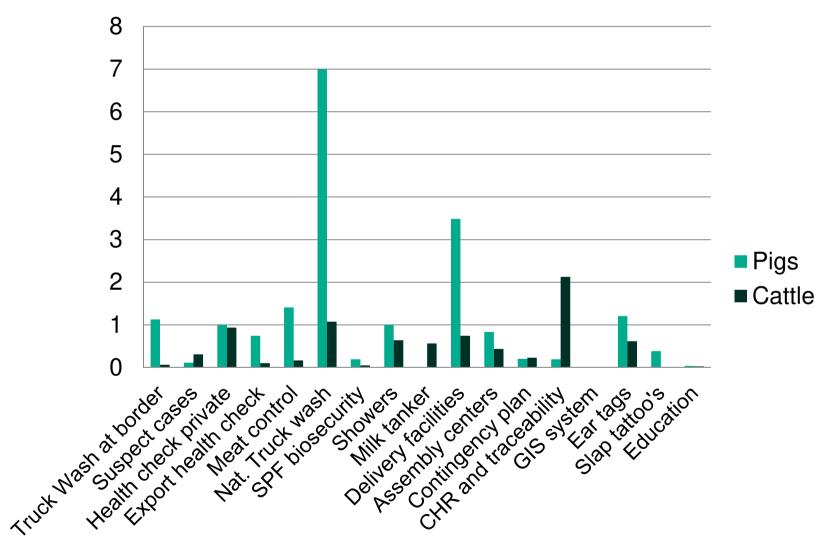
FMD and swine fever peacetime costs €32 million Year 2013





Pigs €20 million

Cattle €8 million

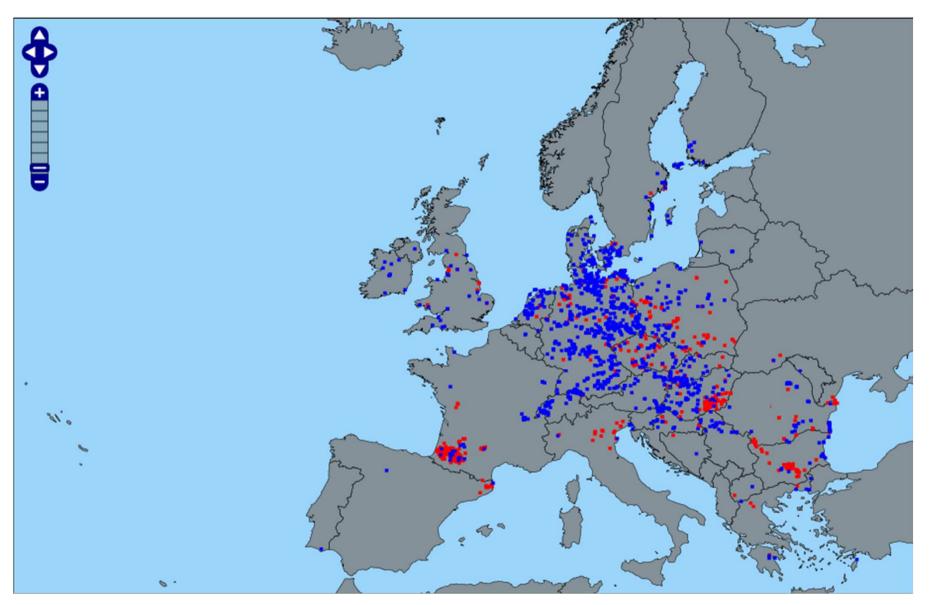


Disease: Avian influenza potential losses – which items?

Costs of disease eradication	Loss of value of production during outbreak	Other economic losses during outbreak	Loss of other values (non-economic)
Maintenance of restriction zones (surveillance, sampling, inspections, biosecurity, lab costs, possible control posts) Surveillance of dead birds	Export losses: how other countries respond, for how long, whole country and all products affected/or not? Live animals, eggs, meat.	Farmers face losses when they are unable to keep the birds or get new birds (e.g. farms under restrictions)	Social effects if people cannot move as they would like to move; Anciety; Social acceptability of farmer may be affected
*Cost of culling the birds, rendering, disinfection and cleaning of farm, Damaged equipment *Administrative tasks	Price effects in the domestic markets if there is excess supply or loss of consumer trust	Changes in production, e.g. lack of chicks if hatching operations are disrupted, or lack of buyers for chicks	Inability to enjoy recreational keeping of birds
Compensations to farm (income to them, not to be counted twice)	Loss of production when animals are culled/they die	Effects to carcass collection, feed, egg packing, meat industry	Health issues and stress to those who are involved
Possible environmental damages	Idle production facilities	Reduced efficiency of production due to restrictive measures	Less free range keeping of poultry
Educate military and blue star to help handling the sanitation		Free-range and organic production – difficulties with inside	
Extra biosecurity requirements for farms and bird holdings		Losses to tourism – especially if a zoonotic type of AI virus	
Information		Losses to tourism – especially if a zoonotic type of Al virus	

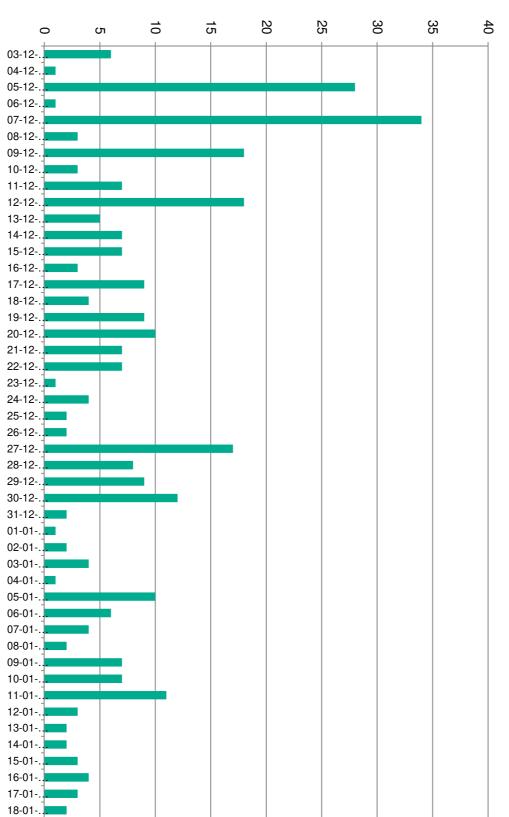


HPAI H5N8 in Europe from November 1st 2016 to Jun 1st 2017



12 / Danish Veterinary and Food Administration / HPAI H5N8 costs in Denmark

Epidemic curve - HPAI H5N8 outbreaks in poultry in EU -First 2 months





HPAI H5N8 outbreak in one hobby flock of ducks and geese

10 November 2016
2 wild birds detected with HPAI H5N8 in two locations in Denmark

11 November 2016
Ban on gatherings of poultry and bird shows in Denmark

14 November 2016
Compulsory housing of outdoor poultry in Denmark

19 November 2016 HPAI suspected in a hobby flock of ducks and geese in Elsinore Holding restricted and samples taken.

21 November 2016
HPAI H5N8 detected in the samples from ducks.
Protection zone (3 km) and surveillance zone (10 km) established.
Killing of the remaining poultry

22 November 2016 Cleaning and desinfection approved



Wild birds

10 November 2016

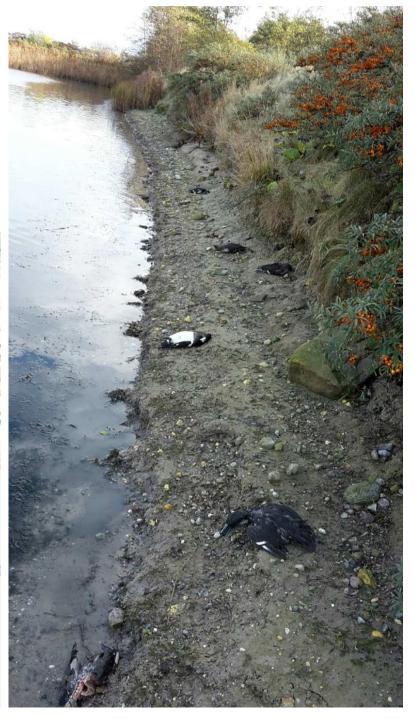
First detection of HPAI H5N8 infected tufted ducks (Aythya

fuligula)

Christiania, Copenhagen

Stege, Moen







Outbreak in a hobby holding 21 November 2016

Medical doctor from the "Rigshospitalet"...

14 Chicken – indoor – all virus negative

5 turkeys – indoor – all virus negative

13 geese - outdoor - all virus negative

35 ducks – outdoor – all virus positive - 10 dead

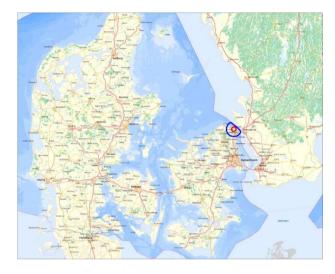


I november blev en gård i Skibstrup ved Ålsgårde i Nordsjælland ramt af fugleinfluenza i en andebesætning. Nu er sygdommen fundet i tamme gæs på Lolland. (Foto: BAX LINDHARDT © Scanpix)

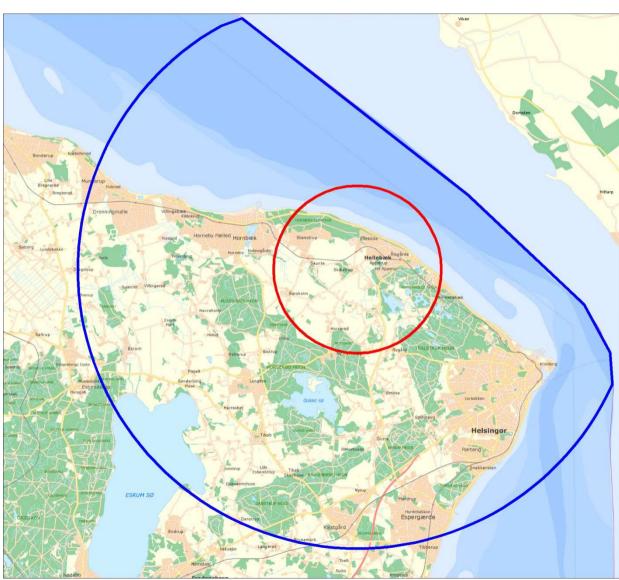


Ekspert om fugleinfluenza: Værste udbrud i 10 år

Restriction zones







HPAI H5N8 outbreak in one hobby flock of ducks and geese

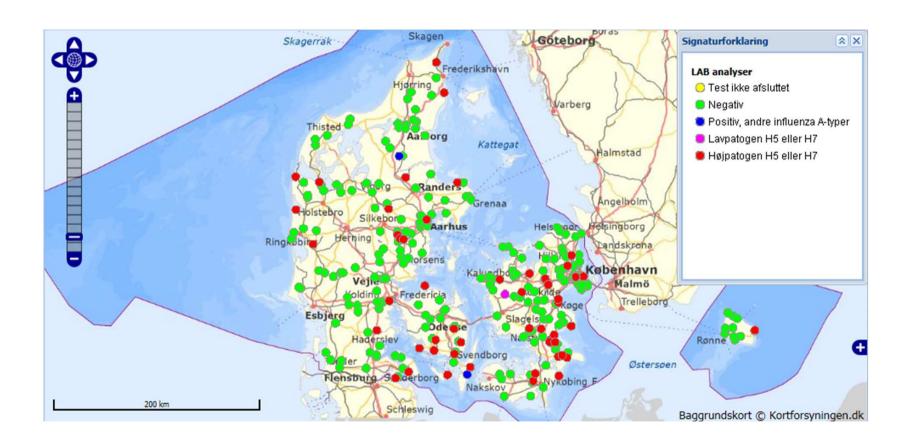
22 December 2016
Surveillance zone lifted. EU restrictions lifted.

7 Februar 2017
Detection of HPAI H5N8 in geese in an open air museum categorized as "Captive birds"

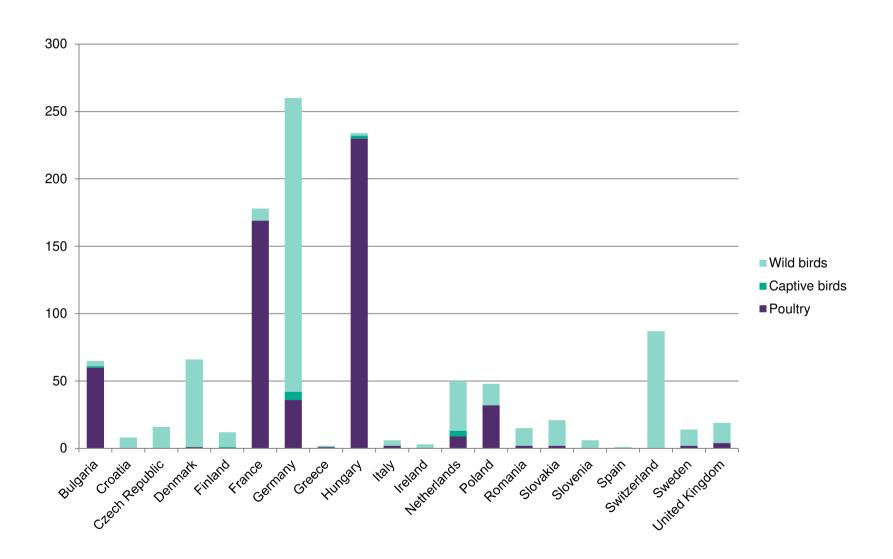
22 Februar 2017
Denmark re-gains the OIE status "Country free of HPAI"

12 April 2017
Lifting of ban on outdoor keeping of poultry
Lifting of ban on gatherings of poultry and bird shows in Denmark

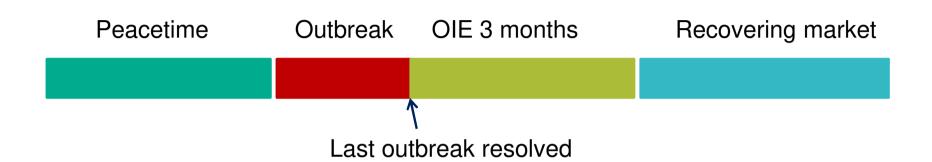




HPAI H5N8 outbreaks December 2016 – January 2017



Timeline – market loss



The Danish poultry sector

Figure 9. Export of Danish poultry meat to non-EU countries (% of al export)

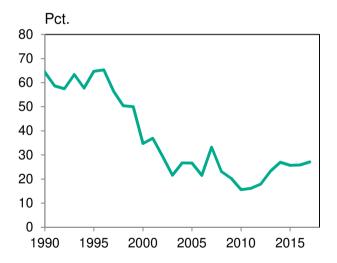
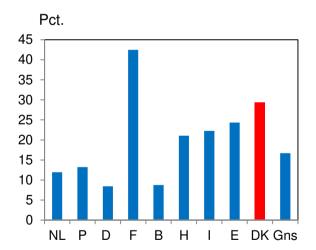


Figure 10. Export of poultry meat to non-EU countries (% of al export)



Prices

Figure 11. Development of producer- and consumer prices – poultry meat

Index Jan. 2015 = 100

Poultry meat

Consumer price

Producer price

2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

Figure 12. Development in producer and consumer prices – shell eggs

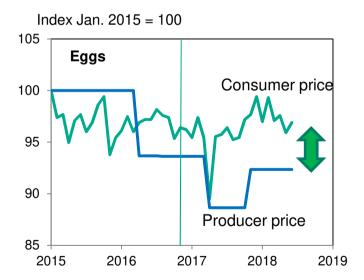
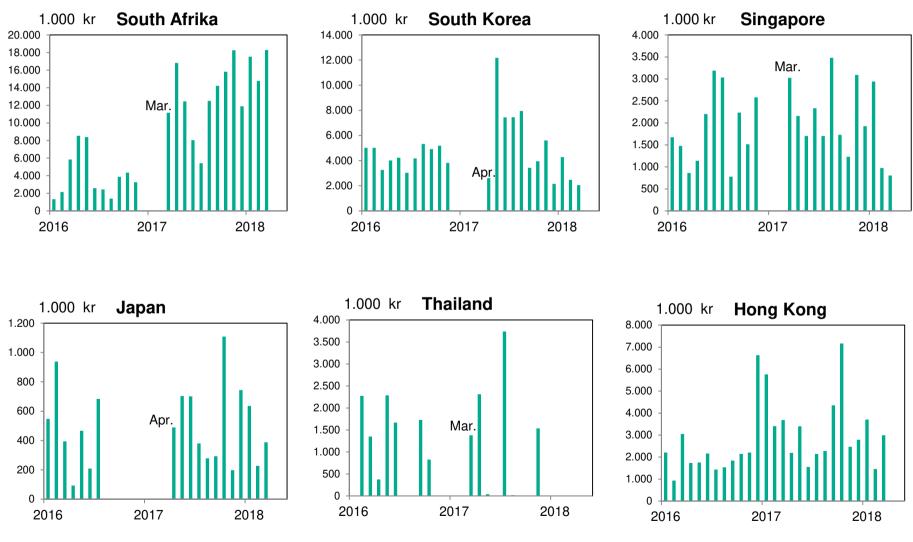


Figure 13. Danish export of <u>Poultry meat</u>, January 2016 to March 2018



Figur 13. Danish export of <u>Poultry meat</u>, Januar 2016 to March 2018 (continued)

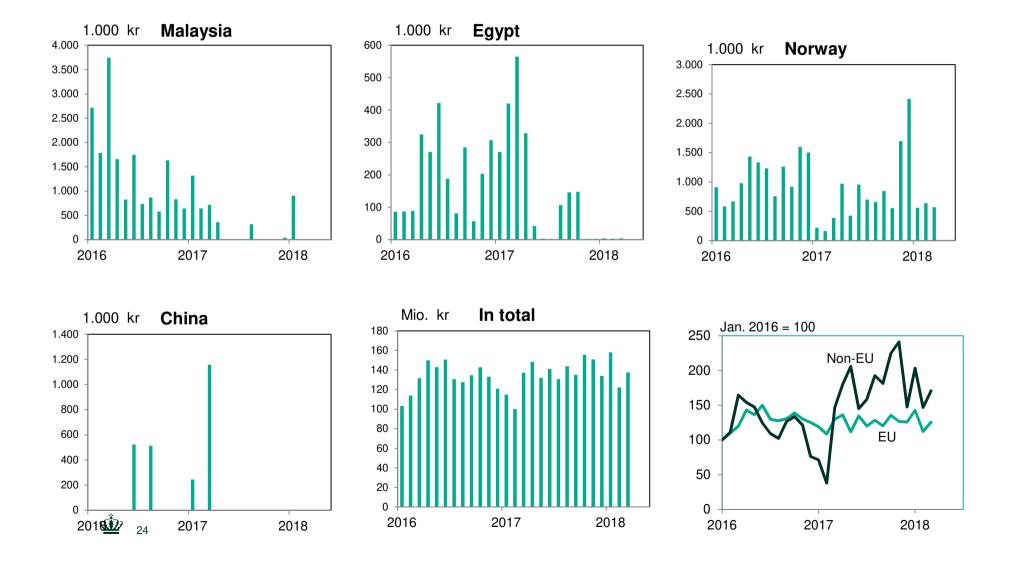
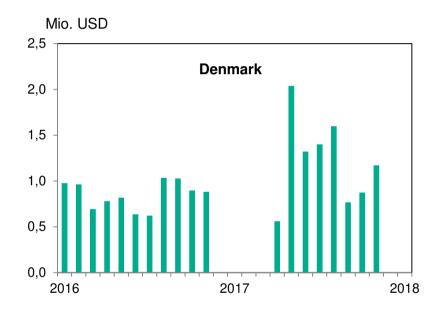
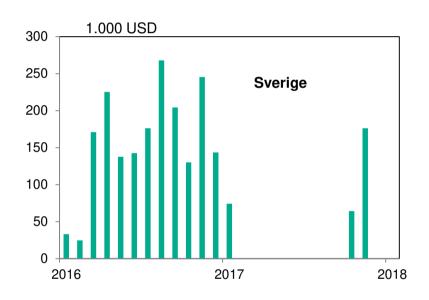


Figure 15. South Korea as importing country





DK S

Last outbreak 11/11 -16 24/11 -16

OIE free 22/02 -17 29/04 -17 **Export resumed** March October



HPAI H5N8 outbreak in Denmark – which items?

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Preliminary Cost of one avian influenza H5N8 outbreak 2016-2017 in Denmark

Who?	Item	Euros
State	Costs of erad. Compensation, culling and cleaning - 1	23.000
State	Costs of erad. Working hours - DFVA	65.000
Table egg sector	Free-range egg producers downgraded 07/02 to 28/03	213.000
Table egg sector	Consequential egg-packing plant lost profit	117.000
Table egg sector	Lost contracts on free-range egg products	40.000
Table egg sector	Lost contracts on parent stock to non-EU countries	pending
Meat sector	Reduced prices Hatchery	pending
Meat sector	Reduced producer prices	pending
Meat sector	Reduced profits, 3 slaughter plants	penging
	Total	pending